



Instructions for Use


Homoarginine ELISA


Enzyme Immunoassay for the
Quantitative Determination of
Homoarginine in Plasma, Serum and Cell Culture Samples

RUO

For Research Use Only
Not for Use in Diagnostic Procedures

REF EA205/96

 12 x 8

 2 – 8 °C












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Symbols

 RUO	For Research Use Only		
 CONT	Content		Expiry Date
 LOT	Lot Number		Store at
	Manufactured by		Sufficient for ... determinations
 REF	Catalogue Number		Consult Instructions for Use

Hazard Pictograms



Warning



Danger

1 Introduction and Principle of the Test

Homoarginine is a non-essential cationic amino acid, which is formed from lysine. In vitro and in vivo, homoarginine shows characteristics similar to arginine. Epidemiological investigations in two large independent cohorts, namely the German diabetes dialysis (4D) - study and the Ludwigshafen Risk and Cardiovascular Health (LURIC) - study have identified homoarginine as useful predictor of cardiovascular events and mortality.

Beyond that homoarginine concentrations are directly correlated with kidney function and are significantly associated with the progression of chronic kidney disease (CKD). Low homoarginine concentrations might be an early indicator of kidney failure and a potential target for the prevention of disease progression which needs further investigations. Furthermore homoarginine could be a useful marker for the monitoring of hemodialysis patients.

Cited: J Lab Med, 2011; 35 (3): 153–159

We offer a competitive Homoarginine-ELISA using the microtiter plate format. The correlation of the ELISA method to LC-MS is exceptionally good. No interferences with any therapeutic drugs are observed. The ELISA method allows the measurement of large series of samples and is for research use only.

Homoarginine as a biomarker for the risk of mortality is applied for a patent. EP2533653A1 and US20130143240.

The competitive Homorarginine-ELISA uses the microtiter plate format. Homoarginine is bound to the solid phase of the microtiter plate. Homoarginine in the samples is acylated and competes with solid phase bound Homoarginine for a fixed number of rabbit anti-Homoarginine antiserum binding sites. When the system is in equilibrium, free antigen and free antigen-antiserum complexes are removed by washing. The antibody bound to the solid phase Homoarginine is detected by anti-rabbit/peroxidase. The substrate TMB / peroxidase reaction is monitored at 450 nm. The amount of antibody bound to the solid phase Homoarginine is inversely proportional to the Homoarginine concentration of the sample.

2 Precautions

- For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures. For professional use only.
- Material of animal origin used in the preparation of the kit have been obtained from certified healthy animals but these materials should be handled as potentially infectious.
- Individual components of different lots and test kits should not be interchanged. The expiry dates and storage conditions stated on the packaging and the labels of the individual components must be observed.
- When handling the reagents, controls and samples, the current laboratory safety guidelines and good laboratory practice should be observed.
- Wear protective clothing, disposable gloves, and safety goggles while performing the test.
- Some of the components of this test kit contain hazardous substances. These components bear the appropriate hazard symbol on their label. Further information can be found in 4. Contents of the Kit and on the relevant safety data sheets.
- Avoid contact with individual reagents, as these can cause irritation and chemical burns.
- Dispose of waste according to state and local environmental protection regulations.

3 Changes to declare

Version _2: IFU has been re-formatted. Section Precautions was up-dated. Component names as printed on labels were included in sections 7 and 8 and pipetting schemes to provide greater clarity. No changes have been made to components or execution of protocols.

4 Storage and Stability

On arrival, store the kit at 2 – 8 °C. Once opened the kit is stable until its expiry date. For stability of prepared reagents refer to Preparation of Reagents.

Do not use components beyond the expiration date shown on the labels. Do not mix various lots of any kit component within an individual assay.

5 Contents of the Kit


MT-Strips **STRIPS** 12 strips
 8 wells each, break apart, precoated with Homoarginine

Standards (1 - 6) **CAL 1 - 6** 6 vials
 each 4 ml, ready for use,
 concentrations:

Standard	1	2	3	4	5	6
μmol / l	0	0.3	0.8	1.6	3.2	7
ng / ml	0	56	151	301	602	1,318

Control 1 & 2 **CON 1 & 2** 2 vials
 each 4 ml, ready for use, Range: see QC certificate

Acylation Reagent **ACYL-REAG** 3 vials
 lyophilised, dissolve content in 3 ml Solvent before use

Acylation Buffer **ACYL-BUFF** 1 vial
 3.5 ml, ready for use  Warning

Solvent **SOLVENT** 1 vial
 10 ml, contains DMSO  Danger

Antiserum **AS** 1 vial
 7 ml, ready for use, Rabbit-anti-N-acyl-Homoarginine

Enzyme Conjugate **CONJ** 1 vial
 13 ml, ready for use, goat anti-rabbit-IgG-peroxidase

Wash Buffer **WASH** 1 vial
 20 ml, concentrated, (50 x)

Substrate 13 ml TMB solution, ready for use	SUB	1 vial
Stop Solution 13 ml, ready for use, Contains 0.3 M sulphuric acid, not corrosive	STOP	1 vial
Reaction Plate For acylation	ACYL-PLATE	1 piece
Equalizing Reagent lyophilized, dissolve content with 21 ml dist. water, dissolve carefully to minimize foam formation	EQUA-REAG	1 vial
Foil Ready for use	FOIL	2 Stück

Additional materials and equipment required but not provided:

- Pipettes (20, 50, 100 and 200 μ l)
- Orbital shaker
- Multichannel pipette
- Microplate washing device
- Microplate photometer (450 nm)

6 Sample Collection

Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

6.1 Plasma and Serum

The test can be performed with serum as well as with EDTA plasma.

Hemolytic, ikteric and lipemic samples should not be used.

The samples can be stored up to 6 hours at 2 – 8 °C. For a longer storage (up to 18 months) the samples must be kept frozen at –20 °C

6.2 Cell Culture Media

Cell culture media like DMEM and RPMI have been tested successfully. Other media have to be tested by the user.

7 Preparation of Reagents

7.1 Microtiter strips

Before opening the packet of strip wells **STRIPS**, allow it to stand at room temperature for at least 10 minutes. After opening, keep any unused wells in the original foil packet with the desiccant provided. Reseal carefully and store at 2 – 8 °C.

7.2 Wash Buffer

Dilute the content of **WASH** with dist. water to a total volume of 1,000 ml. The diluted wash buffer has to be stored at 2 - 8°C and can be used for 4 weeks. For longer use until expiry date of the kit store frozen at -20 °C.

7.3 Equalizing Reagent

Dissolve the content of **EQUA-REAG** with 21 ml dist. water, mix shortly and leave on a roll mixer or orbital shaker for 20 minutes. Handle carefully in order to minimize foam formation. The reconstituted Equalizing Reagent should be stored frozen at -20 °C and is until expiry date of the kit.

7.4 Acylation Reagent

Dissolve the content of one bottle of **ACYL-REAG** with 3 ml Solvent **SOLVENT** and shake for at least 10 minutes on a rollmixer or orbital shaker. The Acylation Reagent has always to be prepared immediately before use and is stable for at least 3 hours. After use the reagent has to be discarded. The second and third bottle allows a second and third run of the test, respectively. If the whole kit is to be used in one run it is recommended to pool the dissolved contents of two vials of Acylation Reagent.

All other reagents are ready for use.

8 Test Procedure

8.1 Test Procedure for Plasma and Serum

Bring all reagents to room temperature and mix them carefully, avoid development of foam. Duplicates are recommended for standards, controls and samples.

8.1.1 Preparation of Plasma and Serum Samples (Acylation)

The wells of the reaction plate **ACYL-PLATE** can be used only once. Therefore, mark the respective wells before use (Edding).

1. Pipette each 20 µl standard 1 - 6 **CAL 1 - 6**, each 20 µl control 1 & 2 **CON 1 & 2** and each 20 µl sample into the respective wells of the reaction plate **ACYL-PLATE**.
2. Pipette 20 µl Acylation Buffer **ACYL-BUFF** into each well.
3. Pipette 200 µl Equalizing Reagent **EQUA-REAG** into each well and shake the reaction plate for 10 seconds.
4. Pipette 50 µl of freshly prepared Acylation Reagent **ACYL-REAG** each into each well, continue with point 5. immediately. Colour changes to violet.

Attention

Please note that Acylation Reagent reacts with many plastic materials including plastic trays. It does not react with normal pipette tips and with glass devices. Use an Eppendorf multipipette or similar, fill the syringe directly from the vial and add well by well.

5. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.

Take each 20 µl of the acylated samples for the Homoarginine ELISA.

8.1.2 ELISA for Plasma and Serum Samples

1. Pipette each 20 μ l of prepared Standards, controls and samples into the respective wells of the coated microtiter strips **STRIPS**.
2. Pipette 50 μ l Antiserum **AS** into each well.
3. Cover the plate with adhesive foil **FOIL** and incubate for 90 minutes at room temperature (20 – 25 °C) on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
4. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash with each 300 μ l prepared Wash Buffer **WASH**. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and remove residual liquid by tapping the inverted plate on clean absorbent paper. Repeat the washing procedure 4 times.
5. Pipette 100 μ l enzyme conjugate **CONJ** into each well.
6. Incubate for 25 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
7. Repeat step 4.
8. Pipette 100 μ l Substrate **SUB** into each well.
9. Incubate for 25 \pm 5 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
10. Pipette each 100 μ l Stop Solution **STOP** into each well and mix briefly.
11. Read the optical density at 450 nm (reference wavelength between 570 and 650 nm) in a microplate photometer.

8.2 Test Procedure for Cell Culture Samples

The sample preparation of cell culture samples and subsequent ELISA has to be done separately and cannot be performed in parallel to the plasma and serum samples. Bring all reagents to room temperature and mix them carefully, avoid development of foam. Duplicates are recommended for standards, controls and samples.

8.2.1 Preparation of Cell Culture Samples (Acylation)

The wells of the reaction plate **ACYL-PLATE** for the acylation can be used only once. Please mark the respective wells before use (Edding)

1. Pipette each 20 µl standard 1 - 6 **CAL 1 - 6**, each 20 µl control 1 & 2 **CON 1 & 2** and each 20 µl cell culture sample into the respective wells of the Reaction Plate.
2. Pipette 20 µl standard 1 **CAL 1** in each well containing cell culture samples (compensation for matrix).
3. Pipette 20 µl cell culture medium into each well containing standards and controls (compensation for matrix). Do not pipette into wells with cell culture samples.
4. Pipette 20 µl Acylation Buffer **ACYL-BUFF** into each well.
5. Pipette 200 µl Equalizing Reagent **EQUA-REAG** into each well and shake the reaction plate for 10 seconds.
6. Pipette 50 µl of freshly prepared Acylation Reagent **ACYL-REAG** each into each well, continue with point 7, immediately. Colour changes to violet.

Attention

Please note that Acylation Reagent reacts with many plastic materials including plastic trays. It does not react with normal pipette tips and with glass devices. Use an Eppendorf multipipette or similar, fill the syringe directly from the vial and add well by well.

7. Incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.

Take each 20 µl of the acylated sample for the Homoarginine ELISA.

8.2.2 ELISA for Cell Culture Samples

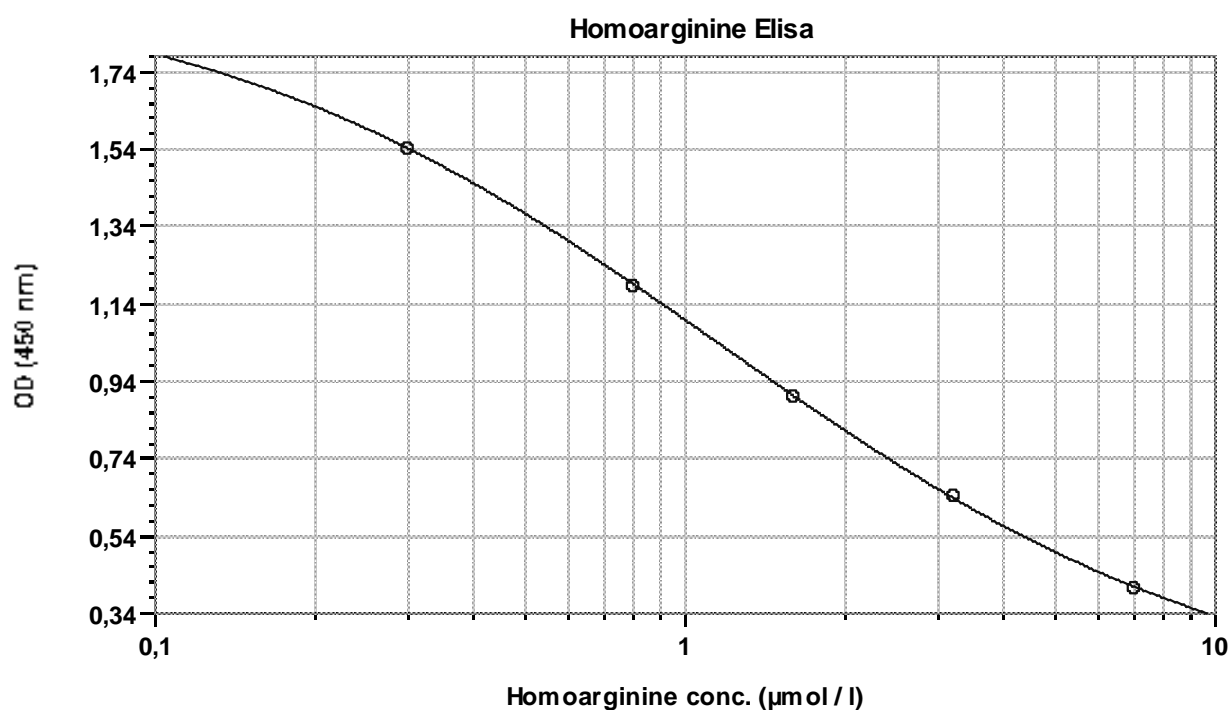
1. Pipette each 20 μ l of prepared standards, controls and samples into the respective wells of the coated microtiter strips **STRIPS**.
2. Pipette 50 μ l Antiserum **AS** into each well.
3. Cover the plate with adhesive foil **FOIL** and incubate for 90 minutes at room temperature (20 – 25 °C) on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
4. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and wash with each 300 μ l prepared Wash Buffer **WASH**. Discard or aspirate the contents of the wells and remove residual liquid by tapping the inverted plate on clean absorbent paper. Repeat the washing procedure 4 times.
5. Pipette each 100 μ l enzyme conjugate **CONJ** into each well.
6. Incubate for 30 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
7. Repeat step 4.
8. Pipette each 100 μ l Substrate **SUB** into each well.
9. Incubate for 30 \pm 5 minutes at room temperature on an orbital shaker with medium frequency.
10. Pipette each 100 μ l Stop Solution **STOP** into each well and mix briefly.
11. Read the optical density at 450 nm (reference wavelength between 570 nm and 650 nm) in a microplate photometer.

9 Calculation of the Results

On a semilogarithmic graph paper the concentration of the standards (x-axis, logarithmic) are plotted against their corresponding optical density (y-axis, linear). Cubic spline, 4 parameter or similar iteration procedures are recommended for evaluation of the standard curve.

The concentration of the controls and samples can be read directly from this standard curve by using their average optical density.

Typical standard curve:



	<u>A</u>	<u>B</u>	<u>C</u>	<u>D</u>	<u>R²</u>
○ Std (Standards: Concentration vs MeanValue)	1,979	0,883	1,167	0,086	1

Quality Control: The controls included in the kit have to give results within the target range (see QC certificate). Otherwise the assay results are invalid and the test has to be repeated.

10 Assay Characteristics

10.1 Expected Values

This kit is for research use only, the values below are not for use in diagnostic procedures and should only be taken as a guideline. It is recommended that each laboratory establishes its own normal values.

Matrix	Reference Range
EDTA-plasma, serum	2.0 ± 0.7 µmol / l

10.2 Sensitivity

Lower Limit of Detection	Calculation
0.05 µmol / l	ODCal1 – 3 x SD

10.3 Specificity (Cross Reactivity)

Substance	Cross Reactivity (%)
homoarginine	100
arginine	0.025
ADMA	< 0.025
SDMA	< 0.025
monomethylarginine (NMMA)	< 0.025

10.4 Recovery after Spiking

Matrix	Range (µmol / l)	Mean (%)	Range (%)
EDTA-plasma	0.66 – 6.70	95	87 - 104
serum	1.51 – 5.10	103	97 - 107
cell culture medium	0.52 – 4.12	96	87 - 100

10.5 Linearity

Matrix	Range (µmol / l)	Highest dil.	Mean (%)	Range (%)
EDTA-plasma	0.48 – 3.76	1 : 7 with water	99	89 - 105
serum	0.39 – 2.68	1 : 7 with water	103	96 - 109
cell culture medium	0.30 – 3.30	1 : 10 with water	101	91 - 108

10.6 Reproducibility

Matrix	Range (µmol / l)	Intra Assay CV
EDTA-plasma	0.83 – 2.23	6.1 – 3.3 %
serum	1.30 – 2.73	4.6 – 5.6 %
cell culture medium	1.59 – 3.33	6.2 – 4.7 %

10.7 Method Comparison

Matrix	Method or Matrix	Correlation
EDTA-plasma	LC/MS	Y = 0.98 x LC/MS + 0.12; R = 0.998; N = 25
Serum	plasma	Y = 1.00 x plasma + 0.11; R = 0.965; N = 12

11 Literature

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Pipetting Scheme – Plasma and Serum

Sample Preparation

		Standards	Controls	Plasma	Serum
ACYL-PLATE:					
CAL 1 – 6	μl	20			
CON 1 & 2	μl		20		
Plasma	μl			20	
Serum	μl				20
ACYL-BUFF	μl	20	20	20	20
EQUA-REAG	μl	200	200	200	200

Shake for 10 seconds

ACYL-REAG	μl	50	50	50	50
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Immediately, shake for 15 minutes at room temperature

Take 20 μl for the ELISA

ELISA

		Acyl. Standards	Acyl. Controls	Acyl. Samples
STRIPS:				
Transfer from ACYL-PLATE into STRIPS	μl	20	20	20
AS	μl	50	50	50

Cover plate with FOIL, shake for 90 minutes at room temperature

Wash 4 x

CONJ	μl	100	100	100
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Shake for 25 minutes at room temperature

Wash 4 x

SUB	μl	100	100	100
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Shake for 25 ± 5 minutes at room temperature

STOP	μl	100	100	100
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Reading of absorbance at 450 nm (ref 570 – 650 nm)

Pipetting Scheme - Cell Culture Samples

Sample Preparation

		Standards	Controls	Cell Culture Sample
ACYL-PLATE:				
CAL 1 – 6	µl	20		
CON 1 & 2	µl		20	
Cell Culture Sample	µl			20
CAL 1	µl			20
Cell Culture Medium	µl	20	20	
ACYL-BUFF	µl	20	20	20
EQUA-REAG	µl	200	200	200

Shake plate for 10 seconds

ACYL-REAG	µl	50	50	50
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Immediately, shake for 15 minutes at room temperature

Take 20 µl for the ELISA

ELISA

		Acyl. Standards	Acyl. Controls	Acyl. Samples
STRIPS:				
Transfer from ACYL-PLATE into STRIPS	µl	20	20	20
AS	µl	50	50	50

Cover plate with FOIL, shake for 90 minutes at room temperature

Wash 4 x

CONJ	µl	100	100	100
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Shake for 30 minutes at room temperature

Wash 4 x

SUB	µl	100	100	100
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Shake for 30 ± 5 minutes at room temperature

STOP	µl	100	100	100
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Reading of absorbance at 450 nm (ref 570 – 650 nm)